CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2358

Chapter 122, Laws of 1996

54th Legislature 1996 Regular Session

INCREASING PENALTY ASSESSMENTS FOR SUPPORT OF CRIME VICTIM AND WITNESS PROGRAMS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/6/96

Passed by the House March 4, 1996 Yeas 94 Nays 0

CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate February 29, 1996 Yeas 46 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2358** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN

Chief Clerk

Approved March 21, 1996

FILED

March 21, 1996 - 10:47 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2358

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1996 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1996 Regular Session

Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Chopp, Conway, Scott, Linville, Radcliff, Chappell, Dickerson, Hatfield, Quall, Murray, Patterson, Cody, Keiser, Veloria and Kessler)

Read first time 02/02/96.

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- 1 AN ACT Relating to penalty assessments for support of crime victim
- 2 and witness programs; amending RCW 7.68.035, 7.68.060, and 7.68.070;
- 3 creating new sections; and prescribing penalties.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that current funding
 - for county victim-witness advocacy programs is inadequate. Also, the
- state crime victims compensation program should be enhanced to provide
- for increased benefits to families of victims who are killed as a 8
- It is the intent of the legislature to 9 result of a criminal act.
- 10 provide increased financial support for the county and state crime
- victim and witness programs by requiring offenders to pay increased 11
- 12 penalty assessments upon conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony
- 13 The increased financial support is intended to allow county
- 14 victim/witness programs to more fully assist victims and witnesses
- 15 through the criminal justice processes. On the state level, the
- increased funds will allow the remedial intent of the crime victims 16
- 17 compensation program to be more fully served. Specifically, the
- increased funds from offender penalty assessments will allow more 18

- l appropriate compensation for families of victims who are killed as a
- 2 result of a criminal act, including reasonable burial benefits.
- 3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 7.68.035 and 1991 c 293 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- (1)(a) Whenever any person is found guilty in any superior court of 5 having committed a crime, except as provided in subsection (2) of this 6 7 section, there shall be imposed by the court upon such convicted person a penalty assessment. The assessment shall be in addition to any other 8 9 penalty or fine imposed by law and shall be ((one)) five hundred dollars for each case or cause of action that includes one or more 10 11 convictions of a felony or gross misdemeanor and ((seventy-five)) two 12 hundred fifty dollars for any case or cause of action that includes convictions of only one or more misdemeanors. 13
- 14 (b) Whenever any juvenile is adjudicated of any offense in any 15 juvenile offense disposition under Title 13 RCW, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, there shall be imposed upon the 16 juvenile offender a penalty assessment. The assessment shall be in 17 18 addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law and shall be one hundred dollars for each case or cause of action that includes one or 19 more adjudications for a felony or gross misdemeanor and seventy-five 20 dollars for each case or cause of action that includes adjudications of 21 22 only one or more misdemeanors.
- (2) The assessment imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to motor vehicle crimes defined in Title 46 RCW except those defined in the following sections: RCW 46.61.520, 46.61.522, 46.61.024, 46.52.090, 46.70.140, 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.52.100, 46.20.410, 46.52.020, 46.10.130, 46.09.130, 46.61.525, 46.61.685, 46.61.530, 46.61.500, 46.61.015, 46.52.010, 46.44.180, 46.10.090(2), and 46.09.120(2).
- 30 (3) Whenever any person accused of having committed a crime posts 31 bail in superior court pursuant to the provisions of chapter 10.19 RCW 32 and such bail is forfeited, there shall be deducted from the proceeds 33 of such forfeited bail a penalty assessment, in addition to any other 34 penalty or fine imposed by law, equal to the assessment which would be 35 applicable under subsection (1) of this section if the person had been 36 convicted of the crime.
- 37 (4) Such penalty assessments shall be paid by the clerk of the 38 superior court to the county treasurer who shall monthly transmit the

money as provided in RCW 10.82.070. Each county shall deposit fifty percent of the money it receives per case or cause of action under subsection (1) of this section and retains under RCW 10.82.070, not less than one and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the remaining money it retains under RCW 10.82.070 and the money it retains under chapter 3.62 RCW, and all money it receives under subsection ((+8))(7) of this section into a fund maintained exclusively for the support of comprehensive programs to encourage and facilitate testimony by the victims of crimes and witnesses to crimes. A program shall be considered "comprehensive" only after approval of the department upon application by the county prosecuting attorney. The department shall approve as comprehensive only programs which:

(a) Provide comprehensive services to victims and witnesses of all types of crime with particular emphasis on serious crimes against persons and property. It is the intent of the legislature to make funds available only to programs which do not restrict services to victims or witnesses of a particular type or types of crime and that such funds supplement, not supplant, existing local funding levels;

- (b) Are administered by the county prosecuting attorney either directly through the prosecuting attorney's office or by contract between the county and agencies providing services to victims of crime;
- (c) Make a reasonable effort to inform the known victim or his surviving dependents of the existence of this chapter and the procedure for making application for benefits;
 - (d) Assist victims in the restitution and adjudication process; and
- (e) Assist victims of violent crimes in the preparation and presentation of their claims to the department of labor and industries under this chapter.

Before a program in any county west of the Cascade mountains is submitted to the department for approval, it shall be submitted for review and comment to each city within the county with a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand. The department will consider if the county's proposed comprehensive plan meets the needs of crime victims in cases adjudicated in municipal, district or superior courts and of crime victims located within the city and county.

(5) Upon submission to the department of a letter of intent to adopt a comprehensive program, the prosecuting attorney shall retain the money deposited by the county under subsection (4) of this section until such time as the county prosecuting attorney has obtained

- 1 approval of a program from the department. Approval of the
- 2 comprehensive plan by the department must be obtained within one year
- 3 of the date of the letter of intent to adopt a comprehensive program.
- 4 The county prosecuting attorney shall not make any expenditures from
- 5 the money deposited under subsection (4) of this section until approval
- 6 of a comprehensive plan by the department. If a county prosecuting
- 7 attorney has failed to obtain approval of a program from the department
- 8 under subsection (4) of this section or failed to obtain approval of a
- 9 comprehensive program within one year after submission of a letter of
- 10 intent under this section, the county treasurer shall monthly transmit
- 11 one hundred percent of the money deposited by the county under
- 12 subsection (4) of this section to the state treasurer for deposit in
- 13 the public safety and education account established under RCW
- 14 43.08.250.
- 15 (6) County prosecuting attorneys are responsible to make every
- 16 reasonable effort to insure that the penalty assessments of this
- 17 chapter are imposed and collected.
- 18 (7) ((Penalty assessments under this section shall also be imposed
- 19 in juvenile offense dispositions under Title 13 RCW. Upon motion of a
- 20 party and a showing of good cause, the court may modify the penalty
- 21 assessment in the disposition of juvenile offenses under Title 13 RCW.
- 22 (8))) Every city and town shall transmit monthly one and seventy-
- 23 five one-hundredths percent of all money, other than money received for
- 24 parking infractions, retained under RCW 3.46.120, 3.50.100, and
- 25 35.20.220 to the county treasurer for deposit as provided in subsection
- 26 (4) of this section.
- 27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The office of crime victims advocacy shall
- 28 report to the legislature on December 31, 1999, December 31, 2002, and
- 29 December 31, 2005, regarding the collection of penalty assessments
- 30 under this act and the use of collected funds to provide assistance to
- 31 victims and witnesses of crime.
- 32 **Sec. 4.** RCW 7.68.060 and 1990 c 3 s 501 are each amended to read
- 33 as follows:
- 34 (1) For the purposes of applying for benefits under this chapter,
- 35 the rights, privileges, responsibilities, duties, limitations and
- 36 procedures contained in RCW 51.28.020, 51.28.030, 51.28.040 and

- 1 51.28.060 ((as now or hereafter amended)) shall apply: PROVIDED, That
- no compensation of any kind shall be available under this chapter if: 2 3 (a) An application for benefits is not received by the department 4 within ((one year)) two years after the date the criminal act was reported to a local police department or sheriff's office or the date 5 the rights of dependents or beneficiaries accrued, unless the director 6 7 has determined that "good cause" exists to expand the time permitted to 8 receive the application. "Good cause" shall be determined by the 9 department on a case-by-case basis and may extend the period of time in which an application can be received for up to five years after the 10 date the criminal act was reported to a local police department or 11 sheriff's office or the date the rights of dependents or beneficiaries 12
- (b) The criminal act is not reported by the victim or someone on his or her behalf to a local police department or sheriff's office within twelve months of its occurrence or, if it could not reasonably have been reported within that period, within twelve months of the time when a report could reasonably have been made. In making determinations as to reasonable time limits, the department shall give greatest weight to the needs of the victims.

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accrued; or

- 21 (2) This section shall apply only to criminal acts reported after 22 December 31, 1985.
- 23 (3) Because victims of childhood criminal acts may repress 24 conscious memory of such criminal acts far beyond the age of eighteen, 25 the rights of adult victims of childhood criminal acts shall accrue at 26 the time the victim discovers or reasonably should have discovered the 27 elements of the crime. In making determinations as to reasonable time 28 limits, the department shall give greatest weight to the needs of the 29 victim.
- 30 **Sec. 5.** RCW 7.68.070 and 1993 sp.s. c 24 s 912 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
- The right to benefits under this chapter and the amount thereof will be governed insofar as is applicable by the provisions contained in chapter 51.32 RCW ((as now or hereafter amended)) except as provided in this section:
- 36 (1) The provisions contained in RCW 51.32.015, 51.32.030, 51.32.072, 51.32.073, 51.32.180, 51.32.190, and 51.32.200 ((as now or hereafter amended)) are not applicable to this chapter.

- (2) Each victim injured as a result of a criminal act, including 1 criminal acts committed between July 1, 1981, and January 1, 1983, or 2 the victim's family or dependents in case of death of the victim, are 3 4 entitled to benefits in accordance with this chapter, subject to the limitations under RCW 7.68.015. The rights, duties, responsibilities, 5 limitations, and procedures applicable to a worker as contained in RCW 6 51.32.010 ((as now or hereafter amended)) are applicable to this 7 8 chapter.
- 9 (3) The limitations contained in RCW 51.32.020 ((as now or hereafter amended)) are applicable to claims under this chapter. In addition thereto, no person or spouse, child, or dependent of such person is entitled to benefits under this chapter when the injury for which benefits are sought, was:
- 14 (a) The result of consent, provocation, or incitement by the 15 victim, unless an injury resulting from a criminal act caused the death 16 of the victim;
- 17 (b) Sustained while the crime victim was engaged in the attempt to 18 commit, or the commission of, a felony; or
- 19 (c) Sustained while the victim was confined in any county or city 20 jail, federal jail or prison or in any other federal institution, or any state correctional institution maintained and operated by the 21 department of social and health services or the department of 22 corrections, prior to release from lawful custody; or confined or 23 24 living in any other institution maintained and operated by the 25 department of social and health services or the department of 26 corrections.
- (4) The benefits established upon the death of a worker and 27 contained in RCW 51.32.050 ((as now or hereafter amended)) shall be the 28 29 benefits obtainable under this chapter and provisions relating to 30 payment contained in that section shall equally apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That benefits for burial expenses shall not exceed 31 the ((maximum cost used by the department of social and health services 32 33 for the funeral and burial of a deceased indigent person under chapter 34 74.08 RCW)) amount paid by the department in case of the death of a worker as provided in chapter 51.32 RCW in any claim: 35 FURTHER, That if the criminal act results in the death of a victim who 36 37 was not gainfully employed at the time of the criminal act, and who was not so employed for at least three consecutive months of the twelve 38 39 months immediately preceding the criminal act;

(a) Benefits payable to an eligible surviving spouse, where there are no children of the victim at the time of the criminal act who have survived the victim or where such spouse has legal custody of all of his or her children, shall be limited to burial expenses and a lump sum payment of seven thousand five hundred dollars without reference to number of children, if any;

- (b) Where any such spouse has legal custody of one or more but not all of such children, then such burial expenses shall be paid, and such spouse shall receive a lump sum payment of three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars and any such child or children not in the legal custody of such spouse shall receive a lump sum of three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars to be divided equally among such child or children;
- (c) If any such spouse does not have legal custody of any of the children, the burial expenses shall be paid and the spouse shall receive a lump sum payment of up to three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars and any such child or children not in the legal custody of the spouse shall receive a lump sum payment of up to three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars to be divided equally among the child or children;
- (d) If no such spouse survives, then such burial expenses shall be paid, and each surviving child of the victim at the time of the criminal act shall receive a lump sum payment of three thousand seven hundred fifty dollars up to a total of two such children and where there are more than two such children the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars shall be divided equally among such children.

No other benefits may be paid or payable under these circumstances.

(5) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.060 ((as now or hereafter amended)) for permanent total disability proximately caused by the criminal act shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That if a victim becomes permanently and totally disabled as a proximate result of the criminal act and was not gainfully employed at the time of the criminal act, the victim shall receive monthly during the period of the disability the following percentages, where applicable, of the average monthly wage determined as of the date of the criminal act pursuant to RCW 51.08.018 ((as now or hereafter amended)):

38 (a) If married at the time of the criminal act, twenty-nine percent 39 of the average monthly wage.

- 1 (b) If married with one child at the time of the criminal act, 2 thirty-four percent of the average monthly wage.
- 3 (c) If married with two children at the time of the criminal act, 4 thirty-eight percent of the average monthly wage.
- 5 (d) If married with three children at the time of the criminal act, 6 forty-one percent of the average monthly wage.
- 7 (e) If married with four children at the time of the criminal act, 8 forty-four percent of the average monthly wage.
- 9 (f) If married with five or more children at the time of the 10 criminal act, forty-seven percent of the average monthly wage.
- 11 (g) If unmarried at the time of the criminal act, twenty-five 12 percent of the average monthly wage.
- 13 (h) If unmarried with one child at the time of the criminal act, 14 thirty percent of the average monthly wage.
- 15 (i) If unmarried with two children at the time of the criminal act, 16 thirty-four percent of the average monthly wage.
- 17 (j) If unmarried with three children at the time of the criminal act, thirty-seven percent of the average monthly wage.
- 19 (k) If unmarried with four children at the time of the criminal 20 act, forty percent of the average monthly wage.
- 21 (1) If unmarried with five or more children at the time of the 22 criminal act, forty-three percent of the average monthly wage.
- (6) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.080 ((as now or hereafter amended)) for permanent partial disability shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section equally apply under this chapter.
 - (7) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.090 ((as now or hereafter amended)) for temporary total disability shall be the benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section apply under this chapter: PROVIDED, That no person is eligible for temporary total disability benefits under this chapter if such person was not gainfully employed at the time of the criminal act, and was not so employed for at least three consecutive months of the twelve months immediately preceding the criminal act.
- 35 (8) The benefits established in RCW 51.32.095 ((as now or hereafter amended)) for continuation of benefits during vocational rehabilitation shall be benefits obtainable under this chapter, and provisions relating to payment contained in that section apply under this chapter:

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- 1 PROVIDED, That benefits shall not exceed five thousand dollars for any 2 single injury.
- 3 (9) The provisions for lump sum payment of benefits upon death or 4 permanent total disability as contained in RCW 51.32.130 ((as now or 5 hereafter amended)) apply under this chapter.
- 6 (10) The provisions relating to payment of benefits to, for or on 5 behalf of workers contained in RCW 51.32.040, 51.32.055, 51.32.100, 8 51.32.110, 51.32.120, 51.32.135, 51.32.140, 51.32.150, 51.32.160, and 9 51.32.210 ((as now or hereafter amended)) are applicable to payment of 5 benefits to, for or on behalf of victims under this chapter.
- (11) No person or spouse, child, or dependent of such person is entitled to benefits under this chapter where the person making a claim for such benefits has refused to give reasonable cooperation to state or local law enforcement agencies in their efforts to apprehend and convict the perpetrator(s) of the criminal act which gave rise to the claim.

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- (12) In addition to other benefits provided under this chapter, victims of sexual assault are entitled to receive appropriate counseling. Fees for such counseling shall be determined by the department in accordance with RCW 51.04.030, subject to the limitations of RCW 7.68.080. Counseling services may include, if determined appropriate by the department, counseling of members of the victim's immediate family, other than the perpetrator of the assault.
- (13) Except for medical benefits authorized under RCW 7.68.080, no more than thirty thousand dollars shall be granted as a result of a single injury or death, except that benefits granted as the result of total permanent disability or death shall not exceed forty thousand dollars.
- 29 (14) Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter and Title 51 30 RCW, benefits payable for total temporary disability under subsection 31 (7) of this section, shall be limited to fifteen thousand dollars.
- 32 (15) Any person who is responsible for the victim's injuries, or 33 who would otherwise be unjustly enriched as a result of the victim's 34 injuries, shall not be a beneficiary under this chapter.
- 35 (16) Crime victims' compensation is not available to pay for 36 services covered under chapter 74.09 RCW or Title XIX of the federal 37 social security act, except to the extent that the costs for such 38 services exceed service limits established by the department of social 39 and health services or, during the 1993-95 fiscal biennium, to the

1 extent necessary to provide matching funds for federal medicaid 2 reimbursement.

(17) In addition to other benefits provided under this chapter, 3 4 immediate family members of a homicide victim may receive appropriate counseling to assist in dealing with the immediate, near-term 5 consequences of the related effects of the homicide. Fees for 6 counseling shall be determined by the department in accordance with RCW 8 51.04.030, subject to the limitations of RCW 7.68.080. Payment of 9 counseling benefits under this section may not be provided to the perpetrator of the homicide. The benefits under this subsection may be 10 provided only with respect to homicides committed on or after July 1, 11 12 1992.

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